

## IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 1-19 and add the new claims 20-37 as follows:

- sub P3*
20. (New) A method for aligning an instruction stream, the method comprising:  
determining in a length decoder and in a first clock cycle, a length of a current instruction in the instruction stream;  
if the length of the current instruction is less than a predetermined length then shifting the instruction stream to a start of a successive instruction in the instruction stream based on the length of the current instruction, said shifting being performed during the first clock cycle; and  
if the length of the current instruction is greater than the predetermined length then shifting the instruction stream to the start of the successive instruction one clock cycle later.
- ch*
21. (New) The method of claim 20, wherein the shifting one clock cycle later is performed in a first shifter, and the shifting in the first clock cycle is performed in a second shifter.
22. (New) The method of claim 21, wherein an output of the first shifter forms an input to the second shifter.
- sub P3*
23. (New) The method of claim 22, wherein the second shifter is connected to the length decoder via a latch.
24. (New) The method of claim 20, wherein the predetermined length is 8 bytes.
25. (New) The method of claim 22, wherein the first shifter is able to shift 16 bytes of data.

Sub 03  
26. (New) A method for aligning instructions in an instruction stream, the method comprising:

determining a length of a first instruction in the instruction stream during a length decode stage; and

inputting the length of the first instruction to a two-stage instruction alignment stage comprising first and second shift operations performed by first and second shifters respectively, wherein an output of the second shift operation comprises instructions of the instruction stream aligned to a start of a successive instruction in the instruction stream immediately following the first instruction, the output of the second shift operation defining an input to the length decode stage, and wherein if the first instruction is contained in the second shifter said first instruction is shifted into a length decoder that performed the length decode stage in the same clock cycle in which the length of the first instruction was determined, and wherein if the first instruction is not contained in the second shifter, said first instruction is shifted from the first shifter one clock cycle later into the length decoder from the first shifter.

27. (New) The method of claim 26, wherein the first and second shifters are connected in series and are synchronized to the same clock cycle.

28. (New) The method of claim 27, wherein the first shifter has a capacity of 16 bytes and the second shifter has a capacity of 8 bytes.

29. (New) The method of claim 26, wherein inputting the length of the first instruction comprises inputting said length directly from the length decoder to the second shifter.

Sub 103  
30. (New) The method of claim 26, wherein inputting the length of the first instruction comprises inputting said length from the length decoder to the first shifter via an intermediate latch.

31. (New) Logic for aligning instruction in an instruction stream, the logic comprising:  
a first shifter;  
a second shifter; and  
a length decoder, wherein an output of the first shifter forms a direct input to the second shifter, an output of the second shifter is sent to the length decoder via an intermediate latch, and wherein a length of a current instruction in the length decoder is directly input into the second shifter.

32. (New) The logic of claim 31, wherein a length of the current instruction in the length decoder is input into the first shifter via an intermediate latch.

CT  
33. (New) The logic of claim 31, wherein the first shifter has a greater shifting capacity than the second shifter.

34. (New) The logic of claim 31, wherein the first shifter has a capacity of 16 bytes and the second shifter has a capacity of 8 bytes.

35. (New) Logic for aligning instructions in an instruction stream, the logic comprising:  
first shifting means for shifting bytes of the instruction stream;  
second shifting means for shifting bytes of the instruction stream; and  
length decoding means for determining a length of an instruction in the instruction stream, wherein an output of the first shifting means forms a direct input to the second shifting means, an output of the second shifting means is sent to the length decoding

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means via an intermediate latching means, and wherein a length of a current instruction in the length decoding means is directly input into the second shifting means.

*CX*  
36. (New) The logic of claim 35, wherein a length of the current instruction in the length decoder means is input into the first second shifting means via an intermediate latch means.

37. (New) The logic of claim 35, wherein the first shifter means has a greater capacity than the second shifter means.

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